

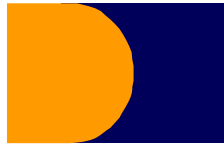
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# **Tinnitus – and QEEG**

## **Diagnostic and therapeutic significance of tinnitus specific EEG signals.**

Articel accepted and in press

**E. Weiler, NeuroNet, St. Wendel**  
**K. Brill, HNO Praxis, St. Wendel**



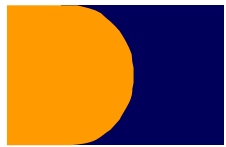
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## Introduction

The presence/existence of subjective tinnitus is still very difficult to prove. However, new technology, **QEEG**, puts us finally in a position to („hopefully“) prove tinnitus.

### **Questions:**

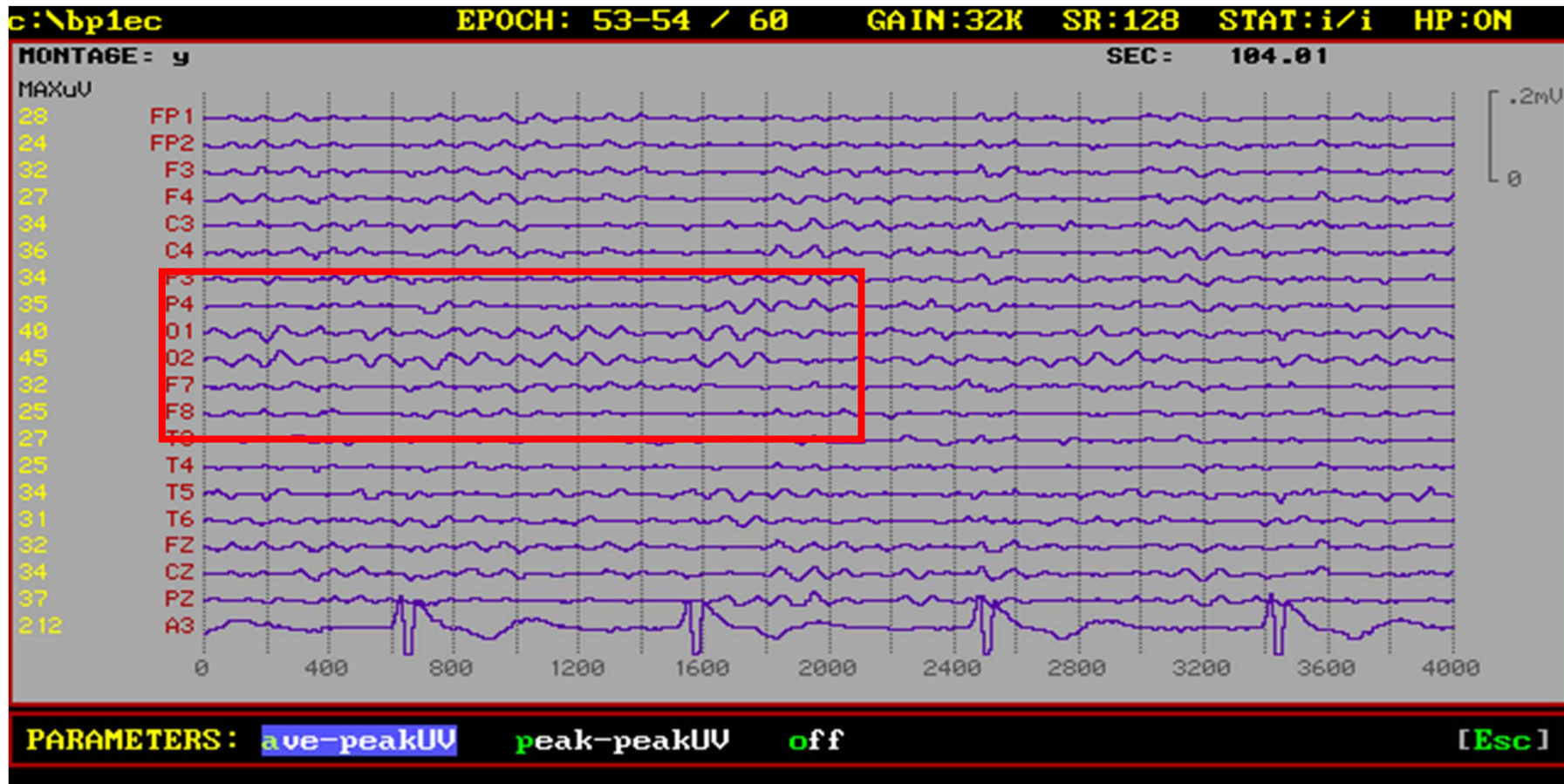
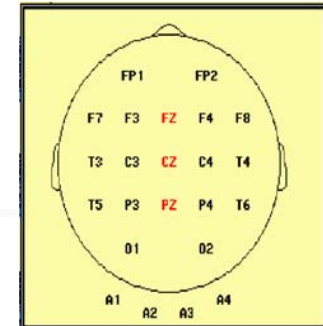
1. Does tinnitus lead to EEG changes?
2. Can tinnitus-specific patterns be detected?
3. Significance of QEEG ?

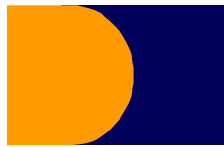


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# Raw – EEG 4sec

Eyes closed

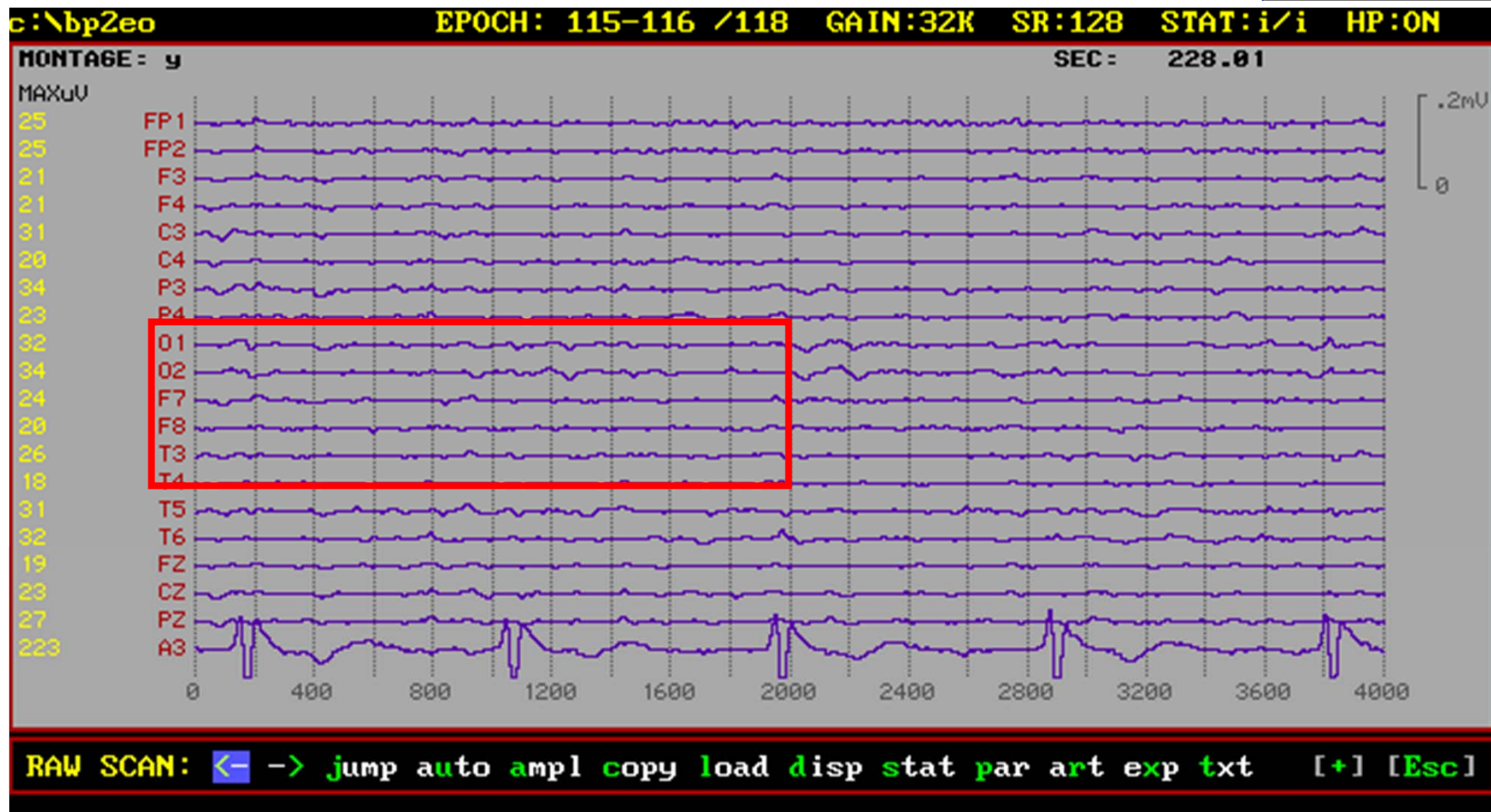
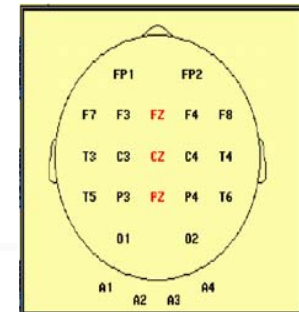


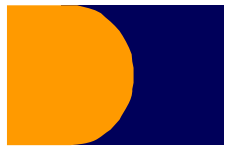


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# Raw – EEG 4sec

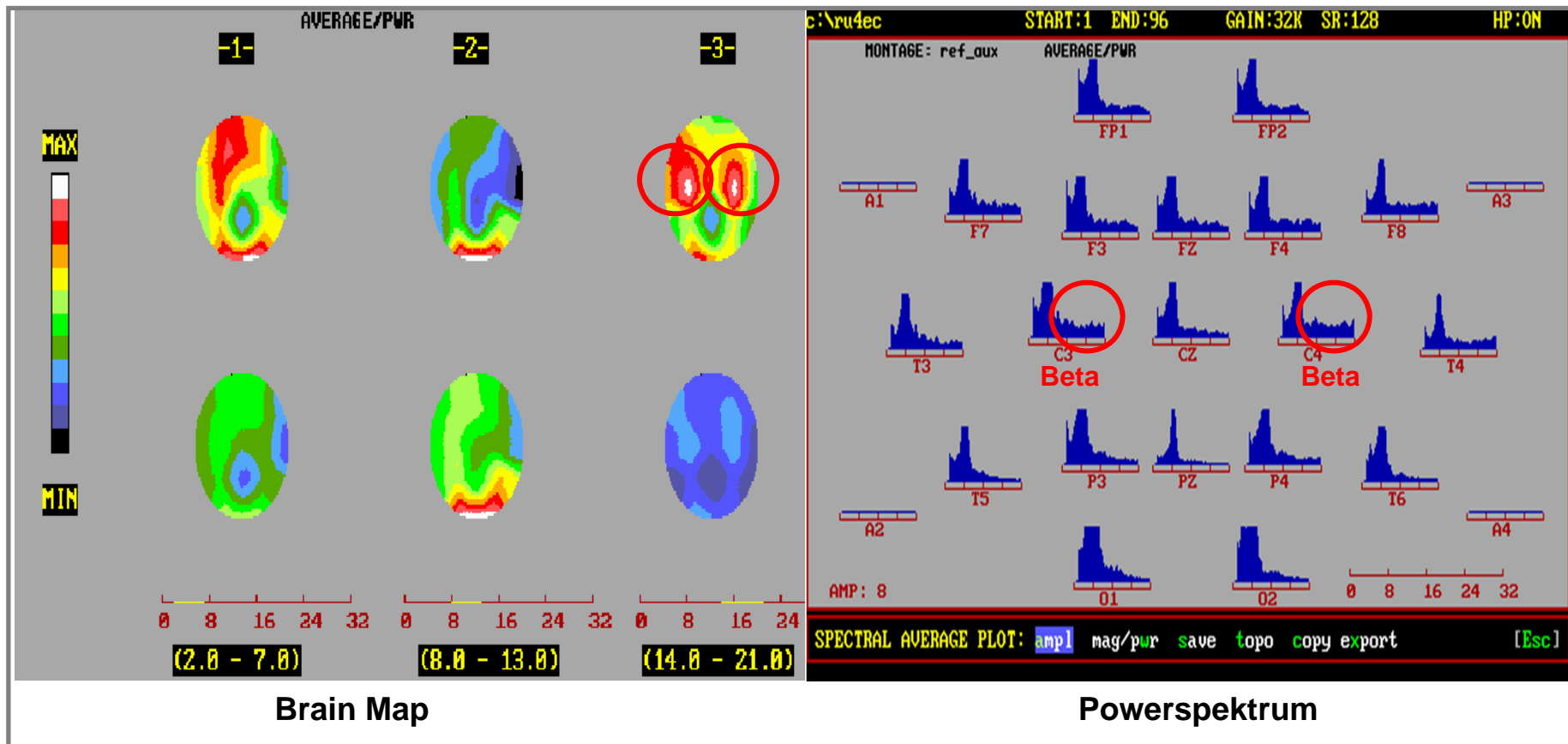
## Eyes open

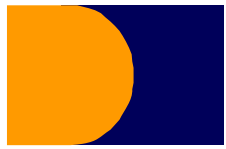




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# EEG Illustrations





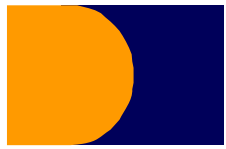
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# Demographics

Group	Females	Males	TOTAL	Age Females	Age Males
Tinnitus	181	373	554	52 ± 13	49 ± 13
Control	61	94	155	41 ± 12	43 ± 14

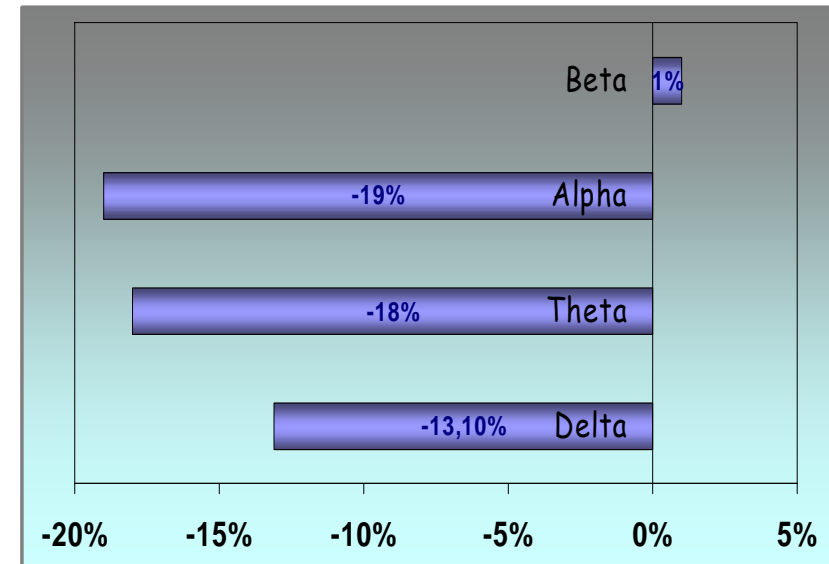
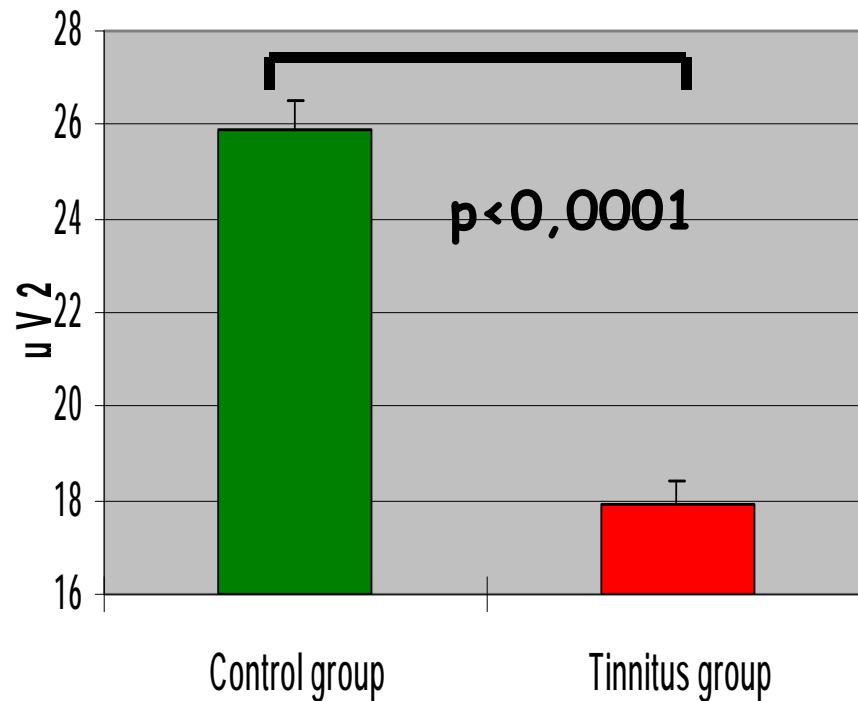
**Tinnitus Duration Females:** 46 months

**Tinnitus Duration Males:** 63 months

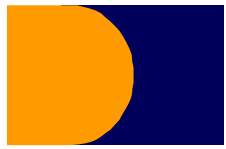


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# TAP: Total average Power: Males

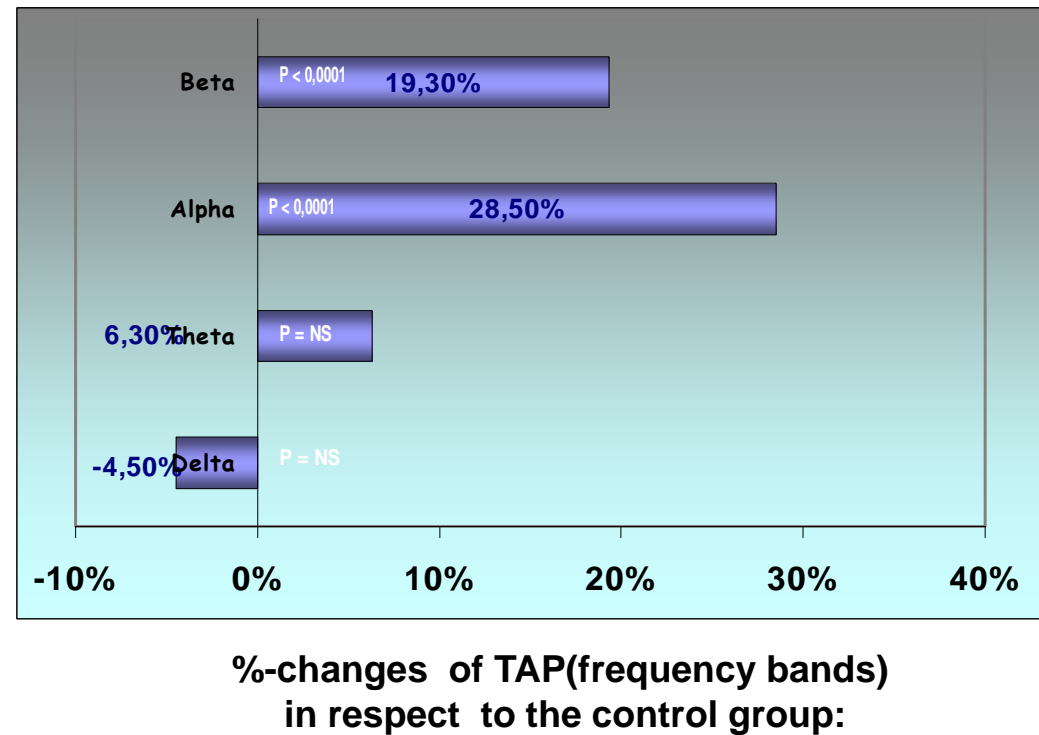
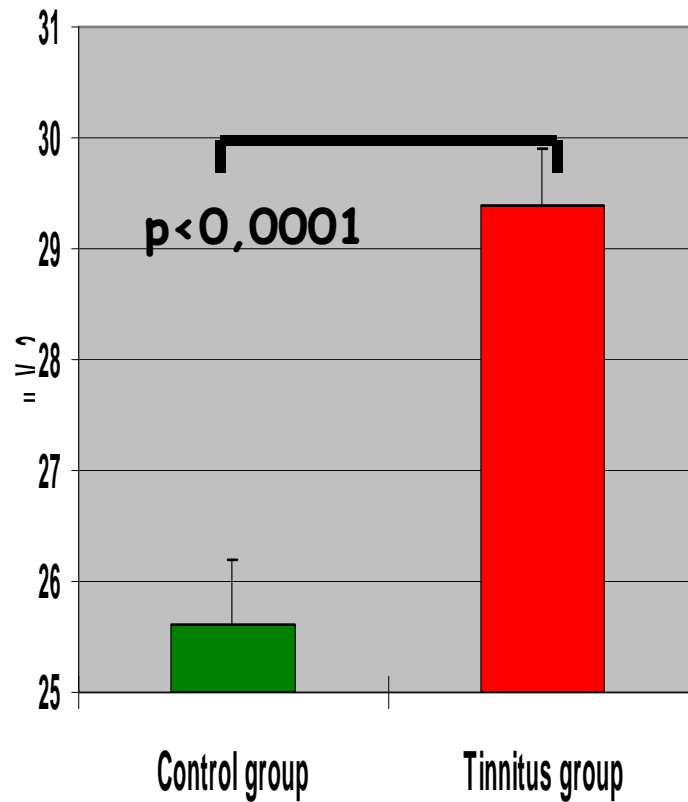


%-changes of TAP(frequency bands) in respect to the control group:

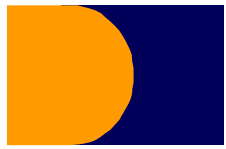


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# TAP: Total average Power: Females



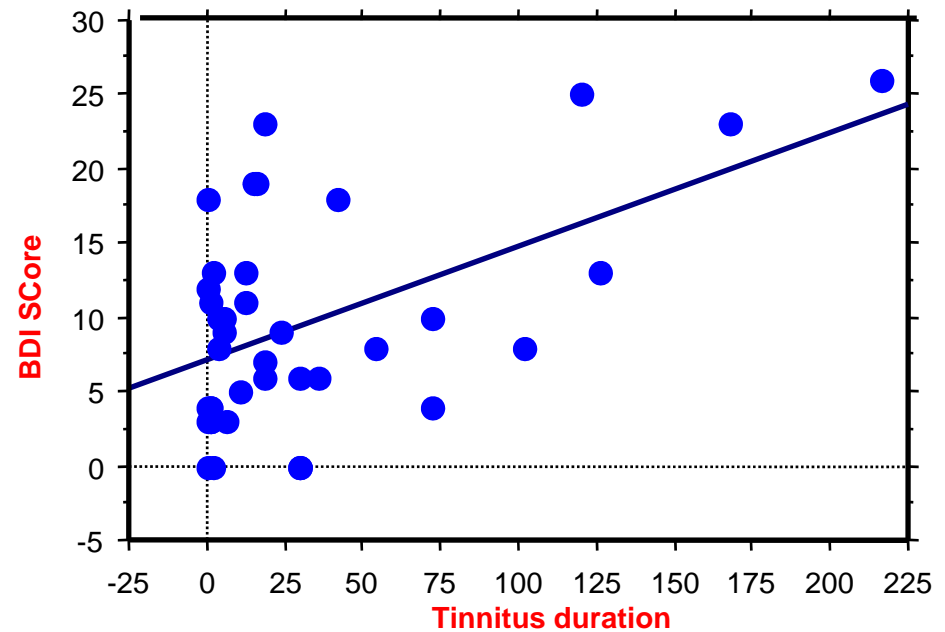


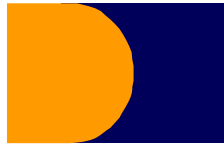


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# Tinnitus duration / Beck Depression Inventory

	Females	Males
left	ns	ns
right	<b>p=0.0005</b>	ns
both-sided	ns	ns





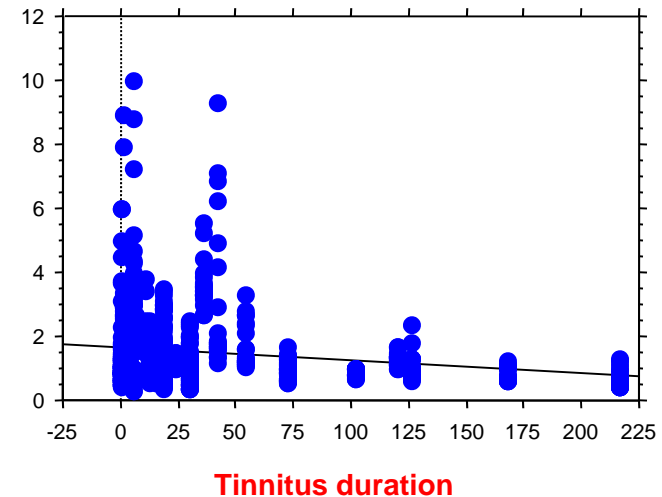
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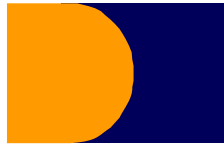
## Tinnitus duration / EEG changes: Females

An  $\alpha_2$  (9-11Hz) /  $\alpha_1$  (7-9Hz) ratio was calculated in order to determine whether tinnitus duration alters alpha power values.

In **females** the bothsided and right sided tinnitus lead to an increase in the power of the  $\alpha_1$  band over time. However, females with a **leftsided** tinnitus exhibited decreased  $\alpha_1$  power values over time.

### Ratio: $\alpha_2/\alpha_1$





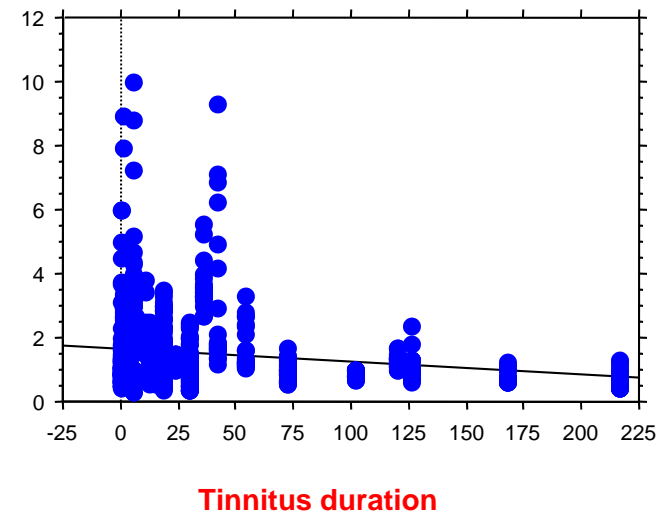
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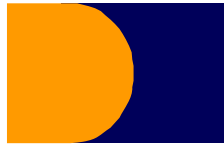
## Tinnitus duration / EEG changes: Males

An  $\alpha_2$  (9-11Hz) /  $\alpha_1$  (7-9Hz) ratio was calculated in order to determine whether tinnitus duration alters alpha power values.

In **males** the bothsided and right sided tinnitus lead to an increase in the power of the  $\alpha_1$  band over time. However, males with a leftsided tinnitus exhibited no power changes for the  $\alpha_1$  band over time.

### Ratio: $\alpha_2/\alpha_1$





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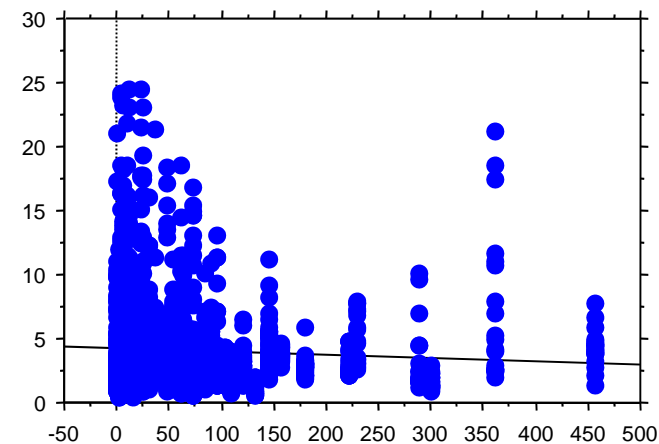
## Tinnitus duration / EEG changes: Females

An Alpha/Theta ratio was in order to determine whether tinnitus alters alpha and /or theta power values in respect to tinnitus duration.

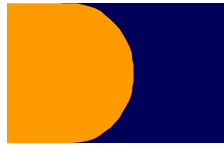
In **females** only the both-sided tinnitus subjects exhibited an increase in theta power in relation to alpha power values over time.

**No changes were observed for subjects with a left or right-sided tinnitus.**

Ratio: Alpha/Theta



Tinnitus duration



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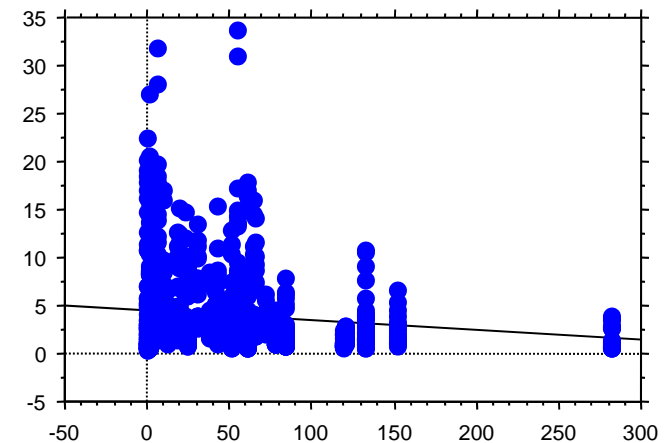
## Tinnitus duration / EEG changes: Males

An Alpha/Theta ratio was calculated in order to determine whether tinnitus duration alters theta power values over time.

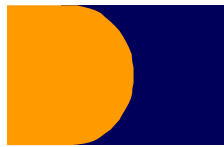
**Males** suffering from a right-sided or a both-sided tinnitus revealed an increase of theta power values in relation to alpha power values over time.

**No correlation was found for subjects with a left-sided tinnitus.**

Ratio: Alpha/Theta



Tinnitus duration

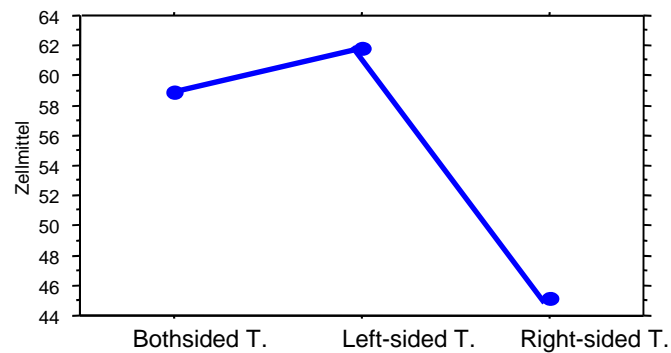


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# Comparison: Alpha Power values of 3 tinnitus groups

## Females

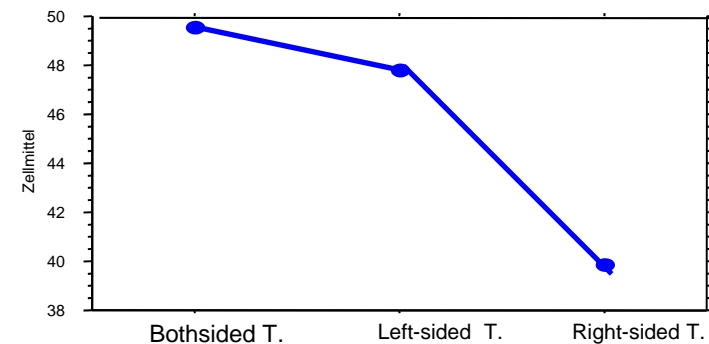
### Alpha Power



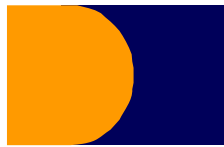
	Mittelw. Diff.	Krit. Diff.	P-Wert	
beidseits, links	-2,887	7,169	,4298	
beidseits, rechts	13,789	7,658	,0004	S
links, rechts	16,676	8,822	,0002	S

## Males

### Alpha Power



	Mittelw. Diff.	Krit. Diff.	P-Wert	
beidseits, links	1,753	3,615	,3420	
beidseits, rechts	9,677	4,185	<,0001	S
links, rechts	7,924	4,902	,0015	S

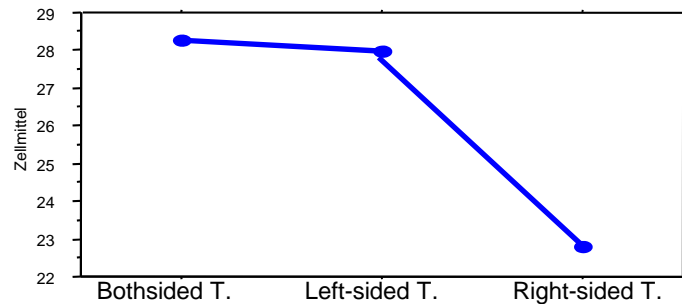


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# Comparison: Delta/Theta Power values of 3 tinnitus groups

## Females

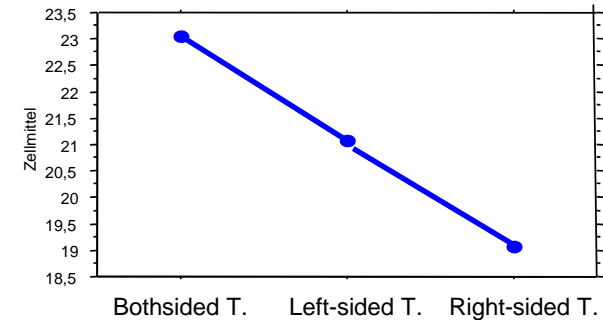
### Delta-Theta



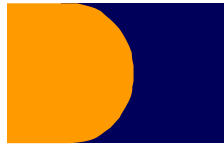
	Mittelw. Diff	Krit. Diff.	P-Wert	
beidseits, links	,319	1,807	,7293	
beidseits, rechts	5,466	1,930	<,0001	S
links, rechts	5,147	2,224	<,0001	S

## Males

### Delta-Theta



	Mittelw. Diff	Krit. Diff.	P-Wert	
beidseits, links	1,962	,848	<,0001	S
beidseits, rechts	3,985	,982	<,0001	S
links, rechts	2,022	1,150	,0006	S



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## Tinnitus duration/Tinnitus Questionnaire

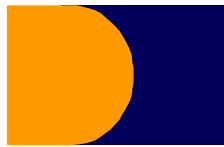
### Females

problems	Tinnitus location		
	both	left	right
emotional	ns	ns	0,002
cognitive	ns	0,04	0,05
psychological	ns	ns	0,006
annoyance	ns	ns	0,003
hearing	0,05	ns	ns
sleep	ns	0,04	ns
somatic	ns	ns	ns
total score	ns	ns	0,005

### Males

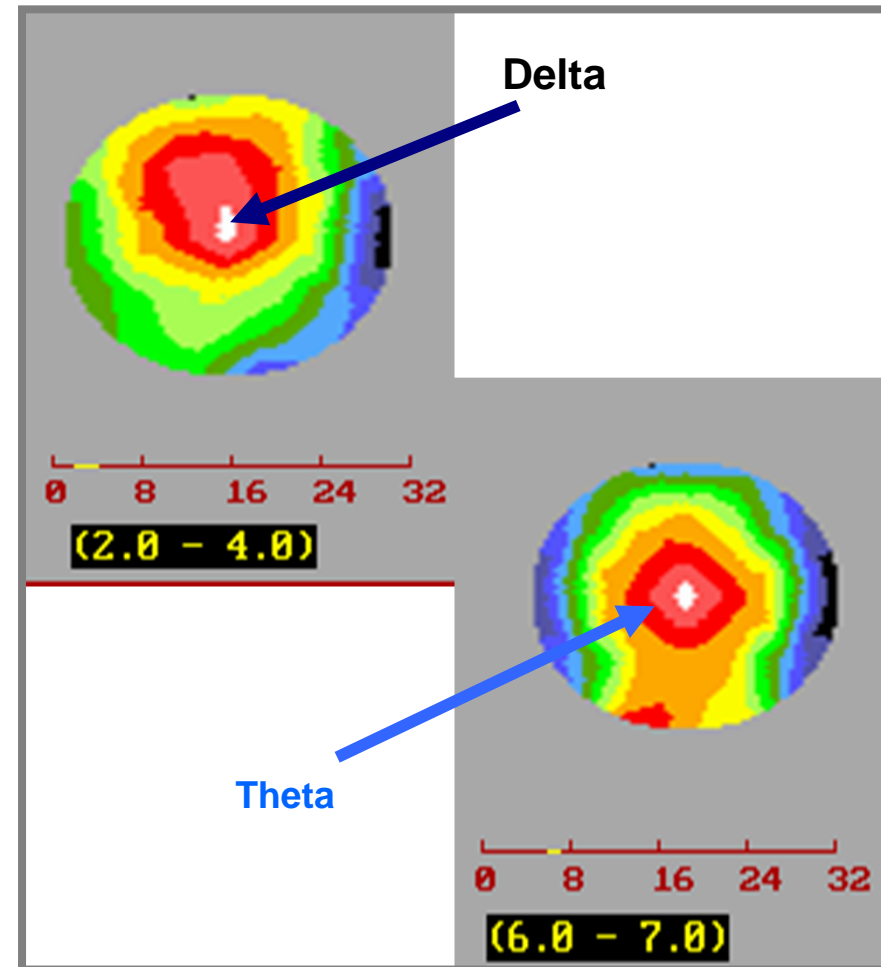
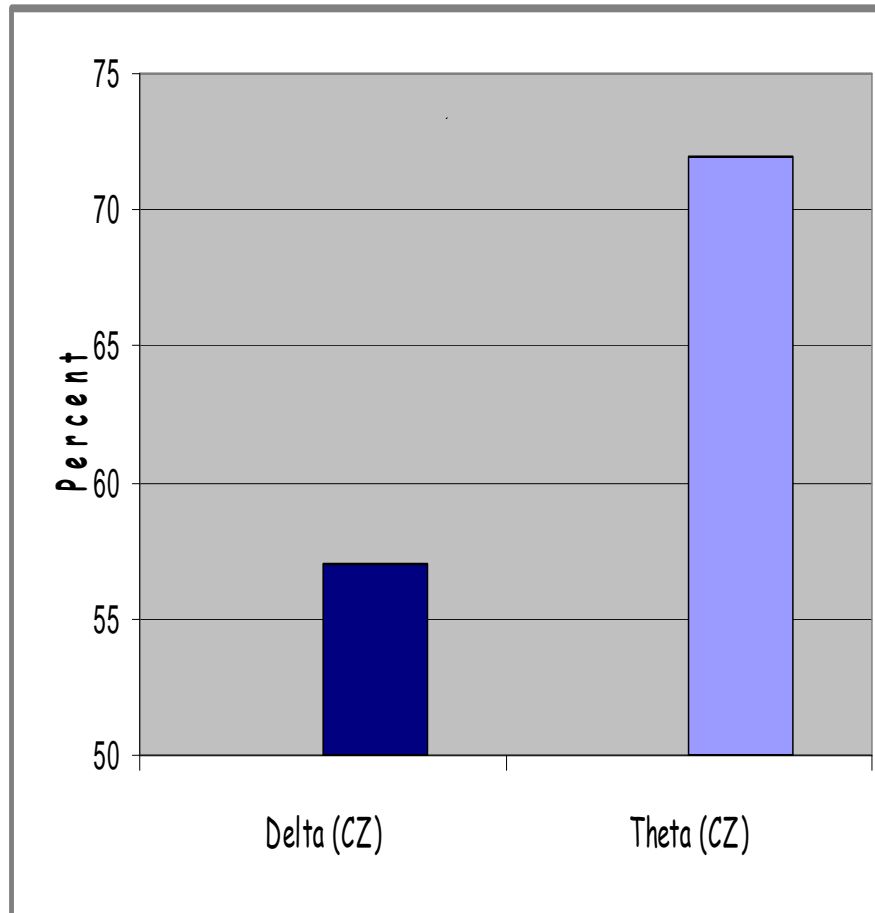
problems	Tinnitus location		
	both	left	right
emotional	ns	ns	0,01
cognitive	ns	ns	ns
psychological	ns	ns	0,03
annoyance	ns	ns	0,05
hearing	0,03	0,01	ns
sleep	ns	ns	0,007
somatic	ns	ns	ns
total score	ns	ns	0,03

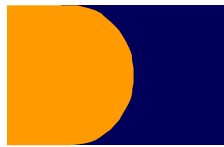




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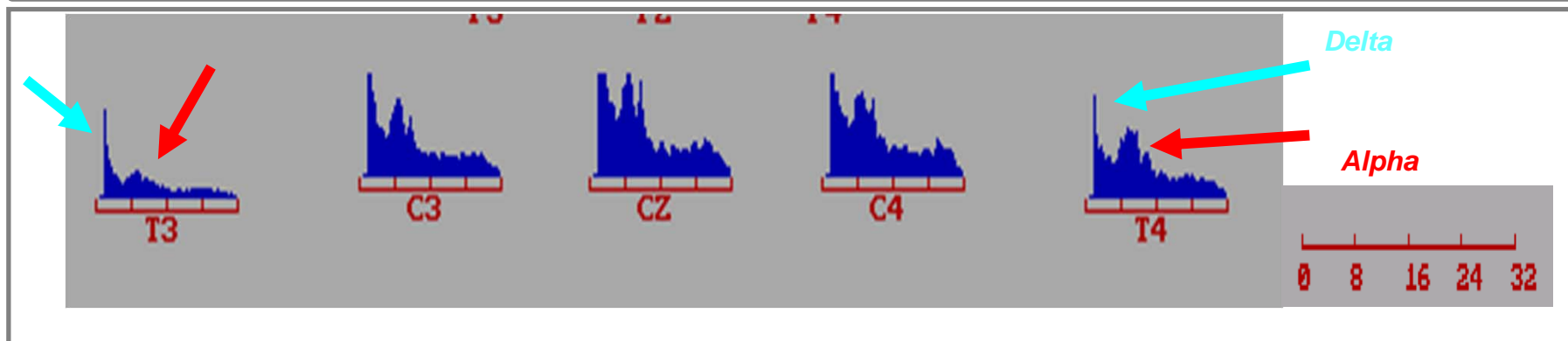
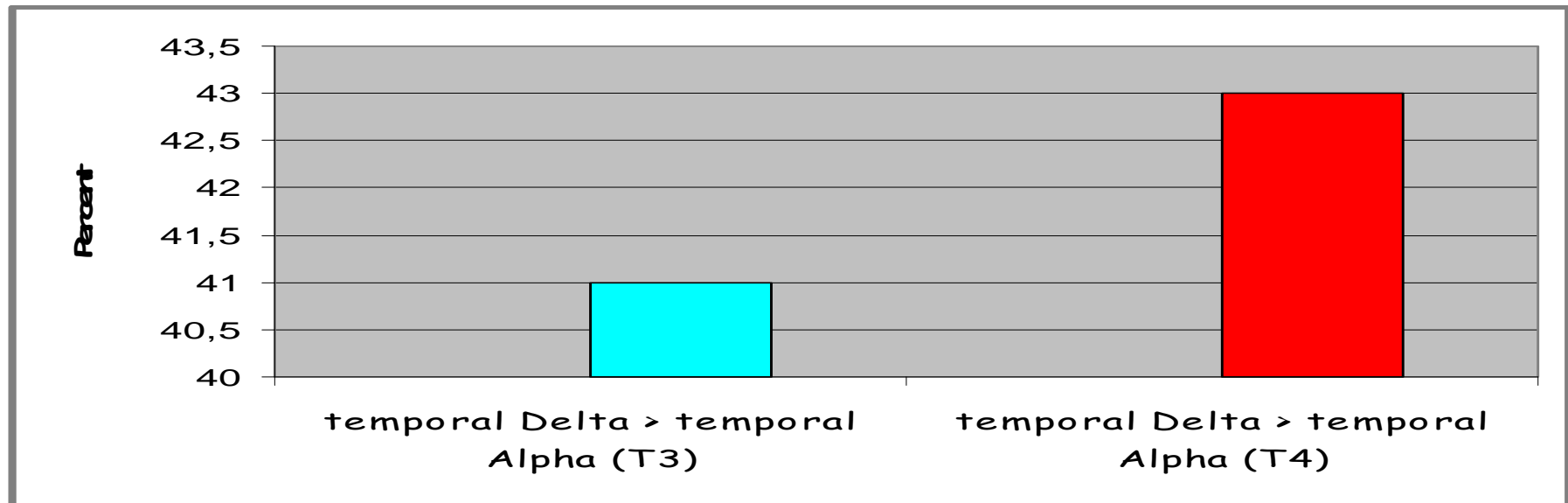
# Tinnituspattern: Delta and Theta Focus

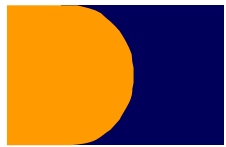




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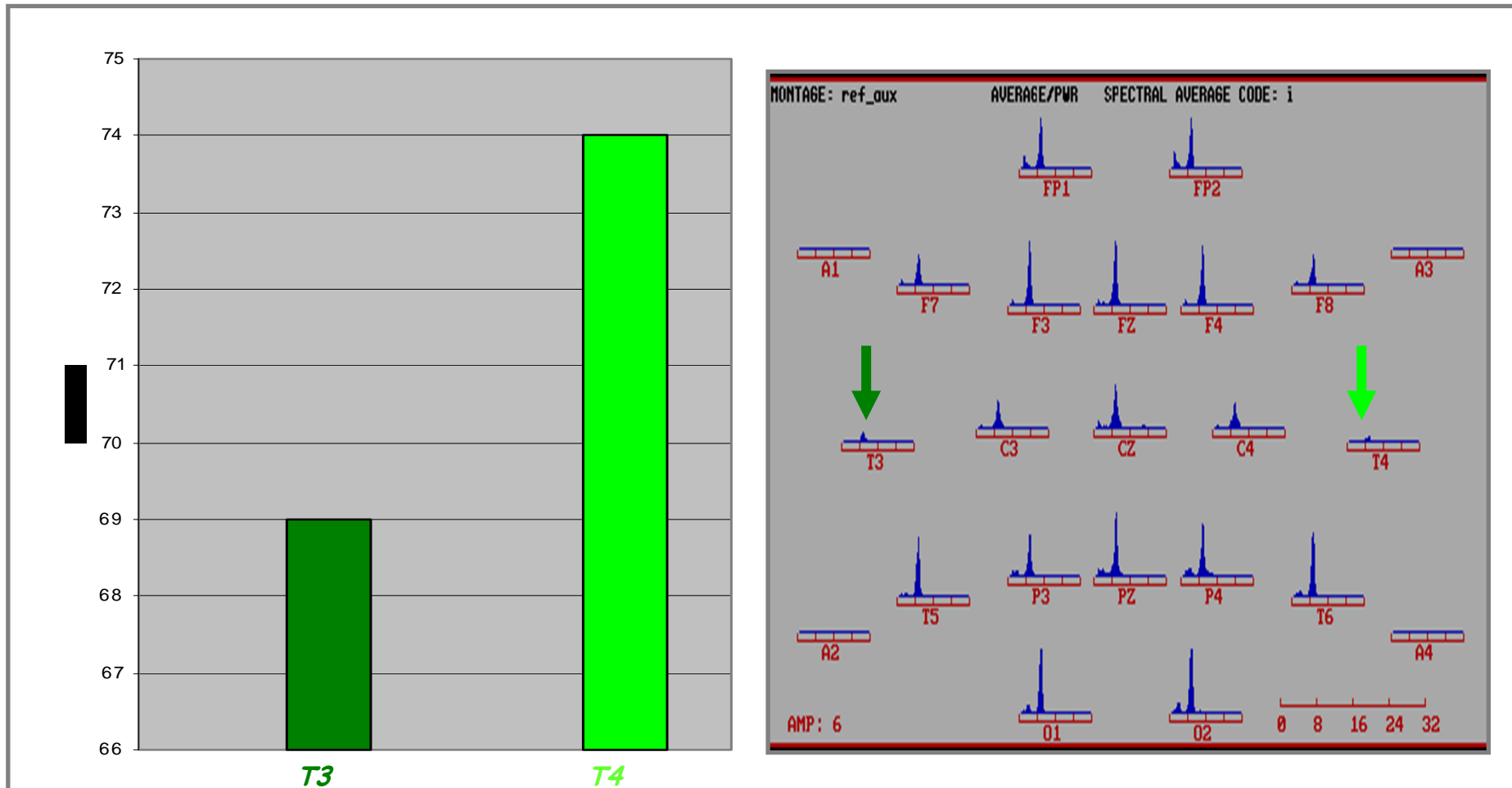
# Tinnituspattern: $\text{temporal}_{\text{Delta}} > \text{temporal}_{\text{Alpha}}$





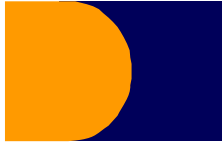
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# Tinnituspattern: Temporal<sub>Alpha</sub> Suppression



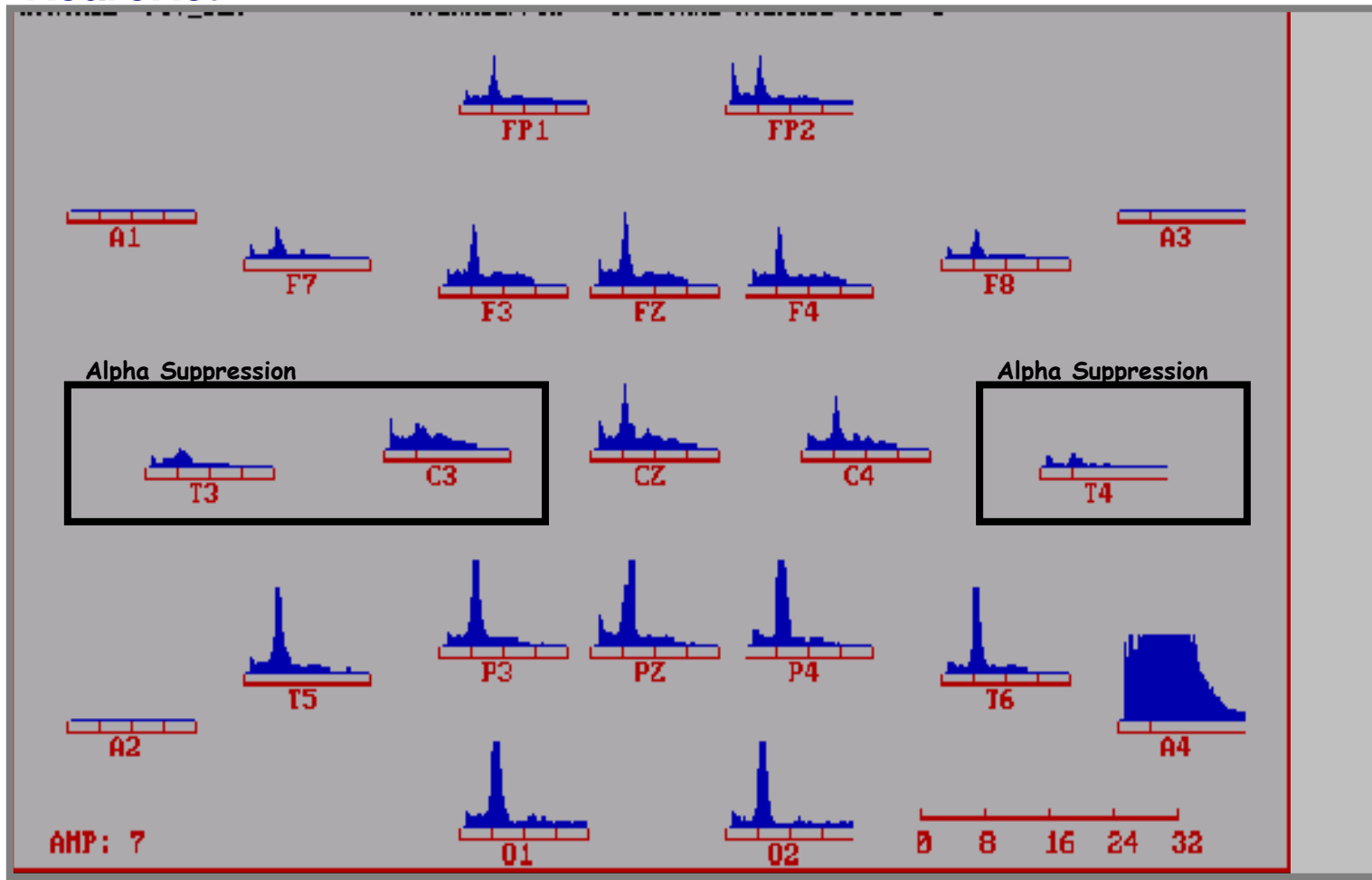
Dr. med. K. Brill, HNO Praxis, St. Wendel

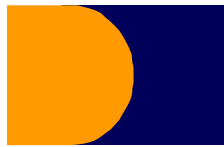
Dr. troph. E. Weiler, NeuroNet, St. Wendel



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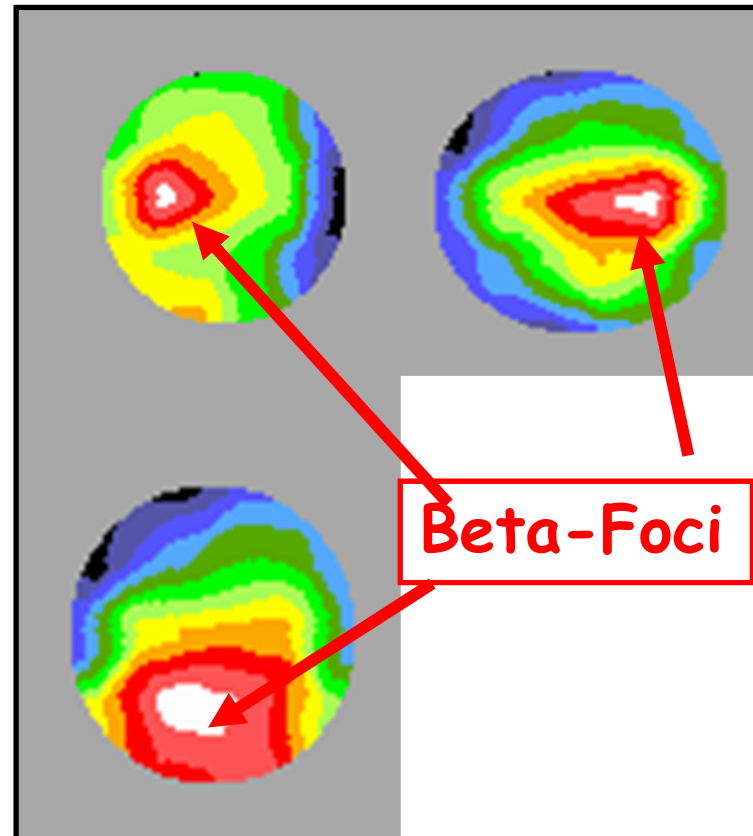
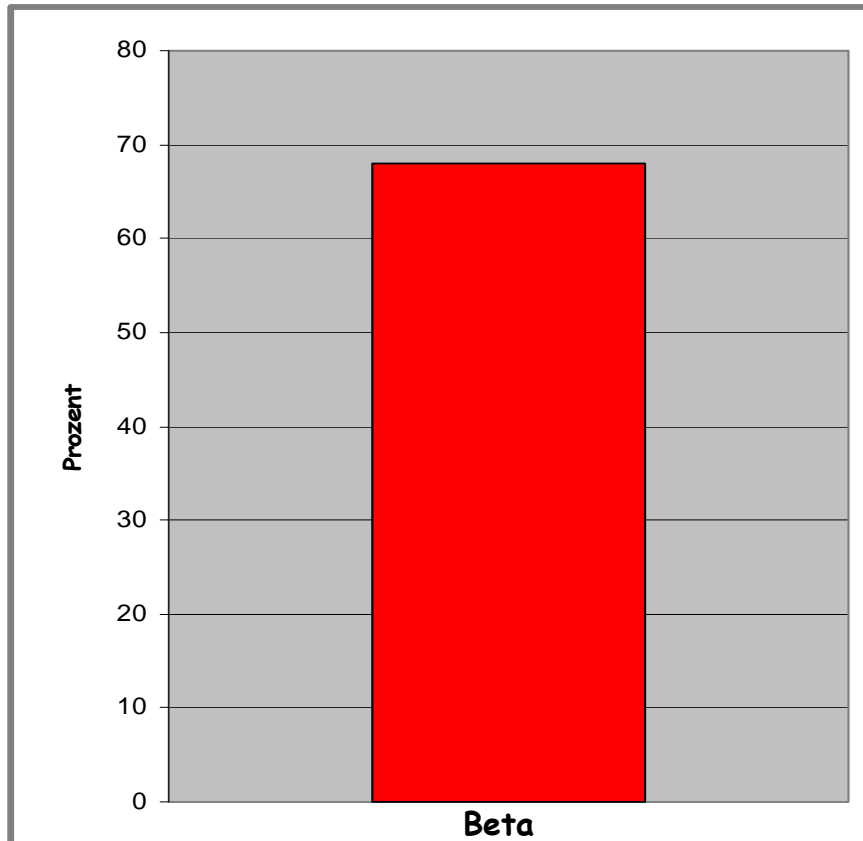
# Powerspectrum

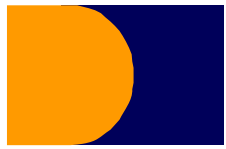




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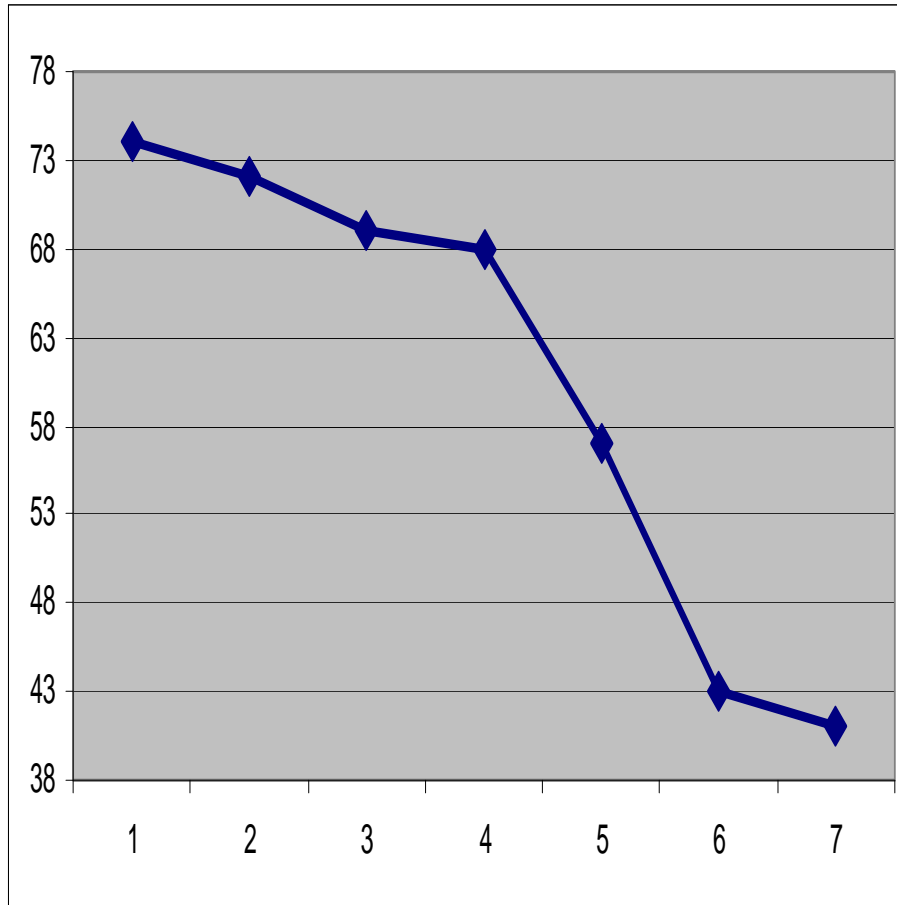
# Tinnituspattern: **Beta Power**



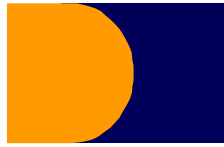


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## Incidence (%) of Tinnituspatterns



		%
<b>1</b>	T4 Alpha Suppression	<b>74</b>
<b>2</b>	Theta (CZ)	<b>72</b>
<b>3</b>	T3 Alpha Suppression	<b>69</b>
<b>4</b>	Beta: temp.-zentr.-pariet.	<b>68</b>
<b>5</b>	Delta (CZ)	<b>57</b>
<b>6</b>	T4 Delta>Alpha	<b>43</b>
<b>7</b>	T3 Delta>Alpha	<b>41</b>

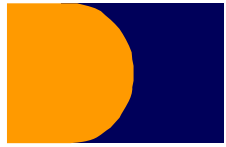


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# Tinnitussscore

Ranking	Items	Score (value)
1	<b>TAP</b> : Total average power	3
2	Alpha Suppression ( T3 )	3
3	Theta Fokus ( CZ )	3
4	Beta-Fokus ( temporo-zentro-parietal )	3
5	Alpha Suppression ( T3 )	3
6	Delta Fokus ( CZ )	1
7	$T4_{\text{Delta}} > T4_{\text{Alpha}}$	1
8	$T3_{\text{Delta}} > T3_{\text{Alpha}}$	1

<u>Score of</u>	5 to 6	<u>Tinnitus</u>	possible
	7 to 11		likely
	11 to 13		very likely
	> 14		certain

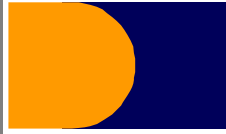


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# Summary

- 1. Chronic Tinnitus leads to specific EEG changes:  
in female & male tinnitus patients the alpha and theta bands seem to play a critical role.**
- 2. Brain maps and power spectrum revealed tinnitus specific patterns.**
- 3. Right – sided tinnitus seems to be more stressful, than both- or left-sided tinnitus as reflected in EEG changes.**
- 3. An EEG tinnitus score could be developed**





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## Tinnitus – measurable/visible with QEEG!



**Thank you for your attention**